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## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for identifying a gene; wherein the method comprises:
- (a) obtaining a putative gene sequence (PGS);
- 5 (b) contacting a cell with an exogenous molecule, wherein the cell comprises the putative gene sequence, and wherein the exogenous molecule binds to and modulates expression of the putative gene sequence; and
  - (c) assaying the cell for at least one selected phenotype;

wherein, if one or more of the selected phenotypes are observed, the putative gene sequence is identified as a gene.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the gene encodes a protein.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the gene encodes a RNA selected from the group consisting of structural RNA, regulatory RNA, enzymatic RNA, antisense RNA, ribozyme, ribozyme, ribosomal RNA and transfer RNA.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule is a zinc finger protein.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule binds near the putative transcription startsite of the PGS.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule binds in the putative transcribed region of the PGS.
  - 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the exogenous molecule binds in the putative coding region of the PGS.
  - **8.** The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule binds in a putative nontranscribed regulatory region of the PGS.
- 25 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule comprises an activation domain.
  - 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the activation domain is selected from the group consisting of VP16, p65 and functional fragments thereof.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule comprises a 30 repression domain.

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- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the repression domain is selected from the group consisting of KRAB, v-erbA and functional fragments thereof.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the exogenous molecule comprises a bifunctional domain (BFD), wherein the activity of the bifunctional domain is dependent upon interaction of the BFD with a second molecule.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the BFD is selected from the group consisting of thyroid hormone receptor, retinoic acid receptor, estrogen receptor, glucocorticoid receptor and functional fragments thereof.
  - 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the second molecule is a protein.
  - 16. The method of claim 13, wherein the second molecule is a small molecule.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the small molecule is selected from the group consisting of 3,5,3'-triiodo-L-thyronine (T3), all-*trans* retinoic acid, estradiol, tamoxifen, 4-hydroxy-tamoxifen, RU-486 and dexamethasone.
  - 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is an animal cell.
  - 19. The method of claim 18 wherein the cell is a human cell.
  - 20. The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is a plant cell.
  - 21. The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is a fungal cell.
  - 22. The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is a bacterial cell.
- 23. The method of claim 1, wherein the phenotype is a change in a property selected from the group consisting of cell growth, cell cycle control, cellular physiology and cellular response to a pathogen.
- 24. The method of claim 1, wherein the phenotype is expression of a RNA molecule.
- 25. The method of claim 1, wherein the phenotype is an alteration in the transcriptional program of the cell.
  - 26. The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is infected with a virus.
  - 27. The method of claim 26, wherein the gene is a viral gene.
  - 28. The method of claim 1, wherein the putative gene sequence is obtained from a gene prediction algorithm.
- 30 **29.** The method of claim 1, wherein the putative gene sequence is obtained by analysis of expressed sequence tags.

**30.** The method of claim 1, wherein the putative gene sequence is obtained by homology.